

# Sharing & Preserving Genealogical Data

# Genealogical Angst



- ♦ I have a Windows computer. My cousin has a Mac. I use Legacy, she uses Reunion. What if she can't open my files?
- ♦ I have so many files and some are pretty large. How do I share them all with her?
- ♦ If my home catches fire, would I be able to get my precious genealogy and photos to safety in time?
- ♦ Will I ever be done researching so that I can publish my book?
- ♦ If I were to die tomorrow would my genealogy and photographs end up in a dumpster?
- ♦ None of the young people in my family are interested in genealogy. Who can I leave my genealogy to?
- ♦ Will my as yet unborn 1<sup>st</sup> cousin four times removed be able to find my research and build on it 50 years from now?



# Sharing GEDCOM files

- ♦ GEDCOM (GEnealogy Data COMmunication) standard released by LDS in 1984
- ♦ A GEDCOM is a text file (.GED) that describes your family tree and its structure
- ♦ It can be imported into any genealogy program on any operating system
- ♦ Programs in the distant future are very likely to be able to import today's GEDCOMs
- ♦ Let's take a look at one...



# Document Files

- ♦ Text (.TXT) or Rich Text Format (.RTF)
  - ♦ Do not assume word processing files (eg: Microsoft WORD .DOC) are can be opened by everyone else
- ♦ Adobe Acrobat (.PDF)
- ♦ Web Pages (.HTML or .HTM)
- ♦ Spreadsheets (.CSV)
  - ♦ Comma Separated Values
  - ♦ Excel files may work (.XLS) but .CSV is safer





# Image Files

- ♦ .TIFF or .TIF (uncompressed or compressed) or .PNG
  - ♦ Lossless - Better for long-term archival
  - ♦ But can be 50 times as large as a .JPG
- ♦ .JPG or .JPEG (compressed)
  - ♦ Quality reduced a little due to compression
  - ♦ Much smaller files – Better for sharing by email
- ♦ .BMP or .GIF
  - ♦ OK too but usually can be converted to one of the above formats





# Video

- ♦ Mpeg (.MPG and .MP4)
- ♦ Apple Quicktime format (.MOV)
  - ♦ .MPG is probably a little safer



# Audio

- ♦ .MP3
  - ♦ There are others like .AU and .AIFF but I usually stick to .MP3 because everything can play it



# Compressed Archive

- ♦ .ZIP
  - ♦ Not for long-term archival
  - ♦ Fine for sending large files by email



# Sharing With Another Genealogist

- ♦ Send them an Email
  - ♦ Keep attachments under 10 MB
  - ♦ Use archive compression software (ZIP)
    - ♦ Makes files smaller
    - ♦ Bundles many files and folders into one file





# Sharing With Another Genealogist

- ♦ Burn a CD/DVD/BluRay Disk and mail it to them
  - ♦ CD = 650 MB
  - ♦ DVD = 4.7 GB
  - ♦ BluRay = 25 GB
- ♦ Make sure destination computer will have a drive to read it!
- ♦ Media lasts 3-10 years at best (not good for archival!!!!)
- ♦ M-Disk BluRay disks supposedly last 1,000 years (\$4/disk)





# Sharing With Another Genealogist

- ♦ Mail a Thumb Drive (Flash Drive, Jump Drive, etc.)
  - ♦ Requires USB port in destination computer
  - ♦ Various capacities, access speeds, & prices
  - ♦ Format in FAT (File Allocation Table) for computers
  - ♦ Good for long-term storage if not handled or re-written frequently





# Sharing With Another Genealogist

- ♦ Cloud-based Storage
  - ♦ Dropbox (2.5 GB free)
  - ♦ Apple iCloud (5 GB free)
  - ♦ Google Drive (15 GB free)
  - ♦ Shutterfly, Flickr, etc. (for photos)
- ♦ Personal Web Site
  - ♦ Fringe benefit of having a hosting service
  - ♦ Good for enormous files
  - ♦ With or without FTP (File Transfer Protocol)





# Create a Backup Plan

- ♦ “Belt and Suspenders”
  - ♦ Multiple redundant backups
  - ♦ On different schedules
  - ♦ Using various media
  - ♦ In different physical locations
- ♦ Local Backups (in your house)
  - ♦ Frequent
  - ♦ Incremental
- ♦ Off-site Backups (as far away as possible)
  - ♦ Less frequent
  - ♦ Mirrors/clones – often bootable drives





# Backup Products

- ♦ Backup Software
  - ♦ Windows: Genie Backup Manager & Norton Ghost
  - ♦ Mac: TimeMachine & Carbon Copy Cloner
- ♦ Cloud-based Backup Services
  - ♦ Carbonite
  - ♦ Backblaze
  - ♦ iDrive
  - ♦ Google Drive
  - ♦ iCloud
  - ♦ DropBox





# Ensure Your Genealogy Outlives You!

- ♦ Digitize everything you have on paper
  - ♦ Your off-site backup becomes your fire insurance!
  - ♦ Scan all your records, files, correspondence, etc.
  - ♦ Scan all your old photos
  - ♦ Photograph & label your family heirlooms
- ♦ Organize your digital files for posterity
  - ♦ Explain your organization in text files
  - ♦ Caption all the photos
  - ♦ Your target audience is someone who finds your work long after you're gone





# Ensure Your Genealogy Outlives You!

- ♦ Your data might survive fires, floods, and hard drive failures – but not your sudden death
- ♦ Publish your book now (backup to paper)
  - ♦ Don't wait until you're “done” - you will never be done!
  - ♦ You can always publish Volume II or errata later
- ♦ Give copies of your genealogy and photos and files and book now to anyone who will take them...





# Ensure Your Genealogy Outlives You!

- ♦ Put your genealogy on public trees
  - ♦ “Nothing ever gets deleted from the Internet – EVER!”
  - ♦ Ancestry, WikiTree, FamilySearch, personal web site
  - ♦ Use notes & sources to explain conjectural data
  - ♦ Great “Cousin Bait” too!
- ♦ Create caches for future genealogists to find
  - ♦ Mail CDs, DVDs or thumb drives with all your data and images to cousins in several branches of your family & in many locations





# Ensure Your Genealogy Outlives You!

- ♦ Contribute your digital materials and book to local historical & genealogical societies and libraries
- ♦ Submit your GEDCOM to the FamilySearch Pedigree Resource File (Granite Mountain)





# Discussion